	THE HAMPSTIN
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2	TOWN OF NORTH HAMPTON, NEW HAMPSHIRE
3	MUNICIPAL BUDGET COMMITTEE MEETING
4	May 15, 2023 6:30 PM
5	NORTH HAMPTON TOWN HALL
6	DRAFT MINUTES
7	
8 9 10	MEMBERS PRESENT: Chairman Rick Stanton, Vice-Chairman Tom von Jess, Larry Miller, Lisa Gallagher, Sean Dionne, Little Boar's Head Rep Brian Goode, School Board Rep Lisa Gagalis; Select Board Rep James Sununu (on Zoom)
11	NEW MEMBER: Andrew Raucci
12 13 14	ALSO PRESENT: Town Administrator Michael Tully
15 16 17	Chairman Rick Stanton welcomed everyone to the Municipal Budget Committee meeting of May 15, 2023, followed by the Pledge of Allegiance.
18 19 20	Motion: To allow Select Board Rep James Sununu to participate in the meeting via Zoom; motioned by Mr. Goode, seconded by Mr. von Jess; motion approved 7-0.
21 22	OLD BUSINESS - None
23 24	NEW BUSINESS
25	Fill Budget Committee Vacancy
26	Chairman Stanton said George Chauncey has resigned and thanked him for his many years of service. He
27	said two people have volunteered for the open position: Andrew Raucci and Jerry Gnazzo, and the
28	Committee needs to choose a Budget Committee Member to serve until the next election. Chairman
29	Stanton read the letters of intent from both candidates and invited them to speak.
30 21	Jorry Gnazza said he has lived in North Hampton for E years and has extensive experience in both the
31 32	Jerry Gnazzo said he has lived in North Hampton for 5 years and has extensive experience in both the public and private sectors working with budgets and revenues. He said he is currently the Auditor for Little
33	Boar's Head and a ZBA member; past positions include MA Registrar of Motor Vehicles collecting about
34 35	\$1 Billion in revenues, ran his own Auto Body Shop business, and was CEO of a nationwide collision business. He felt he could bring a lot to the table and said it would be an honor to serve.

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37	Andrew Raucci said he is a past member of the Budget Committee and would love to continue to serve.
38	He is a past Combat Marine Corps Veteran, went on to Institution Investment Consulting and worked for
39	a Rhode Island Treasurer creating and managing a 35,000-employee retirement plan. He said he would
40	appreciate the opportunity to continue to serve the community of North Hampton and it would be an
41	honor to serve.
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43	Chairman Stanton asked to go around and have Committee members choose one candidate or the other.
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45	Votes: Larry Miller-Andrew Raucci, Rick Stanton-Andrew Raucci, Lisa Gallagher-Jerry Gnazzo, Brian
46	Goode-Jerry Gnazzo, Tom von Jess-Andrew Raucci, James Sununu-Andrew Raucci, Lisa Gagalis-Andrew
47	Raucci, Sean Dionne-Andrew Raucci; 6-2.
48	New Budget Committee Member: Andrew Raucci
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50	Chairman Stanton gave permission for Mr. Raucci to sit at the table without voting.
51	
52	Economic Update by James Sununu and Discussion
53	Selectman James Sununu presented the North Hampton Budget Committee Economic Review to provide
54	snapshots of where the economy stands as the Committee gets into the budgeting process.
55	
56	US Quarterly GDP: Huge spikes from COVID when economy shut down in early 2020 and economic activity
57	plunged then shot back up mid-2020; growing strongly then in early 2022 things started to falter with 2
58	quarters of economic contraction; have seen anemic economic growth with inflation and concerns about
59	a recession; Feds started raising interest rates aggressively to slow the economy, they have a mandate to
60	control inflation and stabilize employment: borrowing costs go up, businesses borrow less, invest less,
61	and expand less which puts pressure on prices to increase; inflation is starting to come down (currently
62	5%, down from 9%).
63	
64	US & New Hampshire Unemployment: Need to look at when gauging the economy to maintain stable
65	employment and prices; unemployment is coming down steadily. Typically, New Hampshire rate is lower
66	than rest of country with a stronger economy overall on average; lower than 5% (people who want to
67 68	work and are looking for jobs) creates a tight job market.
69	Participation Rate: Percentage of total working age population that is actually employed. Starting in 1950s
70	more women in the workforce, overall rate over 2/3 of population; came down slowly in 2000s and more
71	rapidly in 2010s largely driven by baby boomers starting to retire; then a rapid plunge when COVID hit of
72	people temporarily out of work; still pressures from baby boomer retirements; participation rate will
73	continue to go down with fewer people in the workforce.
74	continue to go down with lewel people in the workforde.
75	Labor Force Participation Data for New Hampshire: Follows a similar pattern to participation rate, with
76	New Hampshire having a higher percentage of college degrees meaning higher labor force participation
77	rates with things trending down over last 20 years. Numbers in New Hampshire in particular have not
78	bounded back since COVID, potentially due to older average population; second in the country after ME.
79	
80	Wages & Benefit Growth, Private Sector: Separate charts for private and public sectors. Relatively stable
81	with spike in 2010; wages and salaries pretty steady post 2008-2009 recession with spike due to ACA;
82	fairly steady growth at 2-3% of wages until mid-2021-2022 then a big spike driven by rapid increase in
83	inflation. With wages increasing 2-3% had inflation running at 1-2% with real wages spiking to 5-5.5%

- 84 with inflation having topped out at 9% and only recently falling back to 5%. Real wage growth in last few 85 years has been fairly negative consistently, with wages falling behind where inflation is running.
- 86

Public Wages & Benefits shows steadier growth as set by multi-year contracts with less volatility; spike
 similar to private sector but not as much; probably will see a lagging effect in public sector wage growth
 versus inflation.

- Interest Rates (10Y Treasury Rates): 10Y Treasury Rate is most popular benchmark rate when determining
 long-term borrowing rates; dealt with this in financing our public buildings for bonding (Town received
 30Y rate of 3.98%); can see rates dropping when COVID hit then climbing above extremely low level;
 historically interest rate is still relatively low. In 1980s mortgages were going out at 18% but world of
 finance has changed dramatically.
- 96

97 <u>CPI (Inflation)</u>: In 1950s and 1960s relatively steady, but 1970s-1980s with oil embargoes and economic 98 problems, astronomically high in terms of inflation. Positive side was in early 1980s inflation was fairly low 99 historically, very steady and healthy overall for the economy; but over last year and a half, which I think 100 is a result of more money injected into the economy as response to COVID, more than the economy could 101 absorb in a steady manner leading to dramatic price increases combined with some supply chain 102 challenges, which persisted after COVID. Inflation is currently still fairly high and not near the Fed target 103 rate of 2%. This affects everything we do as a town in terms of cost and seeing pressure on wages.

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105 <u>CPI vs Interest Rates</u>: Same chart: in almost every case where you see inflation starting to spike you do 106 not see interest rates starting to come down until the Fed raises short-term rates above the rate of 107 inflation. The Fed rate was at zero for a long time and back to zero during COVID, then runaway inflation. 108 Last month shows the Fed rate about to intersect with inflation rate; remains to be seen if inflation rate 109 will continue to come down. Core inflation has not slowed down as significantly; could see more action 100 by the Fed to slow the economy and potentially induce a recession (rent and OER comprise 40% of core 111 inflation).

112

113 <u>Mortgage Rates – 30Y Fixed</u>: 10Y Treasury Rates are biggest influence on Mortgage Rates; plunged in the 114 2010s (below 5%); numbers have spiked back up which could affect home sales as owners will not sell in 115 this environment; have not seen a big impact on housing prices lately. Impact of COVID on New Hampshire 116 housing prices: took off as New Hampshire opened faster; single biggest impact is changing cult of 117 employment in terms of work from home; currently 20-25% above steady rate and may see home prices 118 drop like in the recession and not recover for decades.

119

<u>New Hampshire Median Income</u>: Real Median Household Income in New Hampshire stayed relatively flat
 for quite a while; started to climb right after COVID and has dropped back off; still up about 12% over last
 20 years. If it continues to drop it could affect people's economic well-being in New Hampshire.

- <u>New Hampshire 2020 Census</u>: Same Census data as last year, not updated. New Hampshire is one of the
 few states in New England to actually grow from 2010-2020. Percent change in population 8.9%, 91,444
 aged 18 and over, -10.6% population 18 and under of 30,385. Some indications trend is starting to reverse
 in New Hampshire.
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 - North Hampton Tax Rate History: Shows back to 2004; with new DRA rules requiring revaluation every 4
 years you see trending up then revaluation changes property tax base then a dip; the town is currently in
 revaluation process. Shows ranking of New Hampshire in terms of overall tax burden.
 - 132

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- 133 North Hampton Tax Rate Components: Shown by category 2004-2022, same tax rate year by year broken
- up by where it shows up on tax bill: Municipal, County, and School (local and State); fairly steady.
- 135

<u>Questions</u>: Mr. Goode asked for a copy of the slide show; Chairman Stanton asked a question on Public
 Sector Wages and Benefits levelling for the last couple of years at 5%. Selectman Sununu said it started to
 increase in late 2021 from 2% to 5% then flattened out and leveled out in the last quarter; see less volatility
 due to contracts; uncertain where line will go from here. Mr. Goode asked if the increase includes COLA

- and merit all in one figure and Selectman Sununu said yes, it is an overall average wage.
- 141

142 Discuss First Responder Retention Issues and Options

143 Chairman Stanton said the Town has lost some Police Officers at a rate of concern and the Budget 144 Committee needs to give support to the Select Board as Police Contract negotiations will need to be 145 reopened. The cost for recruiting and training a new officer is \$33,000 from time of starting to look until 146 officer is street ready and qualified. He said we are now fully staffed in Fire with EMTs and paramedics 147 and need to retain highly qualified employees; can make legal agreements with recruiting bonuses and 148 retainment bonuses.

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150 Mr. Goode said the Committee is making a dangerous assumption here by assuming people are leaving 151 because of pay offered; nothing has been provided to say that is the reason, and talking about retention 152 bonuses is irresponsible. Chairman Stanton stated that at least 2 officers were poached because when

153 you get a fully trained officer they pay significant sign-on bonuses in excess of \$10,000, He said the first

duty of the Select Board is to protect our citizens with Police and Fire.

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Selectman Sununu said what the Town is looking at here is a wide-scale problem affecting departments everywhere and a specific problem in North Hampton. He said there is a labor shortage in public safety in general with officers leaving the profession, with a number of openings across the State. He said the problem developed slowly then very rapidly with a struggle to find employees. Departments are poaching from other towns who are significantly increasing pay relative to North Hampton; probably the smallest

161 town in the State with full-time Fire and Police Departments.

162

Town Administrator Tully said after officers started leaving the Town sat down with Union Leadership and asked for a comprehensive list of different things to work on to keep them in North Hampton; the list was returned with one thing: wages. Chief Kurz is still investigating different communities and their pay rates and how North Hampton compares and is finding we are significantly behind. He said the next question is how that happened; the Town started negotiations 2 years ago and, in the meantime, contracts were negotiated with higher rates of pay due to inflation.

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Town Administrator Tully said Gilford, NH (population 7500) is looking to invest \$1.5 Billion in paying benefits to their employees in order to keep them; Hampton Falls is offering a \$10,000 sign-on bonus; Portsmouth has given raises across the board to all employees. He said we are seeing it in Police right now but could easily see this transform to Fire and other positions; each town is vying for the same people and valuable employees are also valuable to every community out there and we need to keep them in the Town of North Hampton moving into the future.

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177 Mr. Goode agreed but said he does not agree with retention bonuses which pay someone now without 178 looking at underlying issues. Town Administrator Tully said the approach he suggested to the Select Board

179 is a two-pronged approach: (1) have to understand that employees have lived the last year underpaid and

- 180 it is correcting the problem to get them to stay; (2) then need to sit down and figure out where they need 181 to be and put out a Warrant in the fall to correct what needs to be corrected.
- 182

Mr. Miller said while he was on the Select Board the Town had a very good Building Inspector interested 183 184 in Code Enforcement; another town offered a 20% pay increase but the Select Board decided not to raise his pay so he left; it ended up costing the Town \$25,000 versus \$10,000. He said retention bonuses are 185 186 like fighting fire and right now our town is on fire. Selectman Sununu said this labor market is unprecedented and the biggest fear is it is not going to get better because demographics are not working 187 188 in our favor.

189

190 Vice-Chair von Jess said he was glad work was being done to look at root causes and encouraged the Select 191 Board and Town Administrator to make sure they are fixing the right problem and ensuring the Town has 192 the services it expects. Mr. Dionne asked what option of time was required to earn full benefits of any 193 retention bonus. Town Administrator Tully said with a union it has to be negotiated whether money 194 upfront with contract to stay for a certain length of time; for town employees would be across the board 195 with Select Board having unilateral control.

196

Mr. Dionne asked about a program to reward employees for bringing in new workers; Town Administrator 197 198 Tully said he discussed this with the Select Board Chairman and thought it would be a positive to set up 199 such a program. Ms. Gagalis said government employees are not paid up to private standards and said 200 she was in favor of any kind of monetary stimulus to keep employees. Mr. Goode asked about setting up 201 a subcommittee and Town Administrator Tully said he did not think that was a good idea. Vice-Chair von 202 Jess said the Town voted to elect the Select Board and hire the Town Administrator to do that work; Mr.

- 203 Miller added that most of the work has to be confidential.
- 204

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205 Changes to Budget Committee Schedule

Chairman Stanton said Thursday, January 11, 2024 will be the Town and School Warrant Articles plus the 206 207 Public Hearing; Wednesday, February 7, 2024 will be the School Deliberative Session.

209 **APPROVAL OF MINUTES** 210

Approval of the Budget Committee Meeting Minutes of April 17, 2023 211 212

213 Motion: to approve the Budget Committee Meeting Minutes of April 17, 2023 as presented; Motioned 214 by Ms. Gallagher; Seconded by Vice-Chair von Jess; Vote: approved 5-0 with 3 abstentions.

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ANY OTHER ITEM THAT MAY LEGALLY COME BEFORE THE COMMITTEE 216

217 218 PERIOD OF PUBLIC COMMENT

- 219 There were no public comments.
- 220

221 **Next Budget Committee Meeting:**

222 223 ADJOURNMENT

224

225 Motion: Mr. Goode made a motion to adjourn the meeting, seconded by Vice-Chair von Jess, all in favor 8-0.

226 227 Municipal Budget Committee Meeting May 15, 2023

- 228 Chairman Stanton adjourned the Municipal Budget Committee Meeting at 8:02 pm.
- 229 Respectfully submitted,
- 230 Patricia Denmark, Recording Secretary